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Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 170 KMean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002 \text{ Å}$ R factor = 0.045wR factor = 0.123 Data-to-parameter ratio = 16.6

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

cis-[4a]-cisoid-[4a,4b]-cis-[4b]-1,3,4b,5,7,8b-Hexamethylperhydro-1,3,5,7-tetraazabiphenylene-2,4,6,8tetraone

The title compound, $C_{14}H_{20}N_4O_4$, was prepared by [2+2]photocycloaddition of 1,3,6-trimethyluracil in acetone. The structure determination was undertaken in order to determine the stereoconfiguration of the product, which could not be extracted from the NMR data. Single-crystal X-ray analysis revealed that the methyl groups are located on the same side of the cyclobutane ring (cis) and that the monomers are oriented head-to-tail (anti).

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Experimental

The title compound, (I), was prepared by [2+2]-photocycloaddition of 1,3,6-trimethyluracil in acetone. The products were separated by column chromatography. Single crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of n-pentane into a saturated solution of the title compound in dichloromethane. Details of the synthesis are given by Krüger (2002).

Crystal data

 $D_r = 1.399 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ $C_{14}H_{20}N_4O_4$ $M_r = 308.34$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ Cell parameters from 8000 a = 8.4422 (6) Å reflections b = 14.0159 (11) Å $\theta = 12.5 - 25^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \ \mathrm{mm}^{-1}$ c = 12.7803 (8) Å $\beta = 104.445 (8)^{\circ}$ T = 170 (2) KIrregular block, colourless $V = 1464.42 (18) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4 $0.4 \times 0.4 \times 0.3 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Stoe Imaging Plate Diffraction 3097 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ System diffractometer $R_{\rm int} = 0.032$ $\theta_{\rm max} = 28.1^{\circ}$ φ scans $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$ Absorption correction: none 13199 measured reflections $k = -18 \to 18$ $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$ 3425 independent reflections

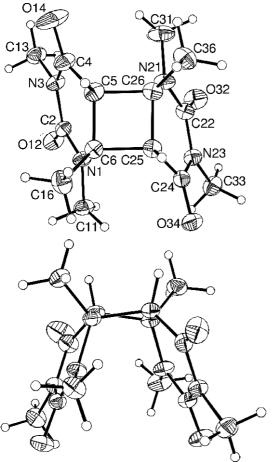
Refinement

Refinement on F^2 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0703P)^2$ $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$ + 0.4649P] where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $wR(F^2) = 0.123$ S = 1.04 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.22 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ 3425 reflections $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.18 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ 206 parameters Extinction correction: SHELXL97 H-atom parameters constrained Extinction coefficient: 0.062 (9)

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organic papers



Top view (top) and side view (bottom) of the molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labelling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

The methine H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry (C—H = 1.00 Å). The positions of the methyl H atoms were idealized (C—H = 0.98 Å), then refined as rigid groups allowed to rotate but not tip. All H atoms were refined with fixed isotropic displacement parameters using a riding model with $U_{\rm iso} = 1.2 U_{\rm eq}(\rm C)$ and $1.5 U_{\rm eq}(\rm C)$ for methine and methyl H atoms, respectively.

Data collection: *IPDS Program Package* (Stoe & Cie, 1998); cell refinement: *IPDS Program Package*; data reduction: *IPDS Program Package*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS*97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL*97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Bruker, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *CIFTAB* in *SHELXL*97.

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